



## Material Safety Data Sheet

### Sodium Silicate 75Tw

Edition: 17/07//2015

In compliance with EC Regulation 1907/2006 (REACH),  
as amended by EC regulation no. 453/210

#### 1) Identification of substance/preparation and of the company undertaking

##### 1.1) Product Identifier

Material	Sodium silicate liquid (molar ratio > 2,6; ≤ 3,2)
Synonyms	Sodium silicate liquid; Silicic acid, sodium salt; Sodium hydroxy(oxo)silanolate
Formula	$\text{Na}_2\text{O} \cdot x\text{SiO}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$ ( $x > 2,6$ and $< / = 3,2$ )
EC No	215-687-4
CAS No	1344-09-8
REACH registration No	01-2119448725-31-0012
Company	Inoxia Ltd 45.7 Dunsfold Park Stovolds Hill Cranleigh Surrey GU6 8TB Tel: 02032 909990 safety@inoxia.co.uk www.inoxia.co.uk

##### 1.2) Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

###### 1.2.1) Relevant identified uses:

- Industrial uses
- Consumer uses
- Professional uses

###### Uses advised against:

- None known

#### 2) Hazard Identification

##### 2.1) Classification of the substance or mixture

###### GHS Classification according to EC 1272/2008:

- Skin Irrit. 2- H315: causes skin irritation
- Eye Irrit. 2- H319: Causes serious eye irritation
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Hazard summary: Alkaline solution. Causes skin irritation and serious eye irritation.

**2.2) Label elements (according to EC 1272/2008)**

Hazard pictogram(s):

**Signal word(s):** Warning**Hazard Statement(s):**

- H315- causes skin irritation
- H319: Causes serious eye irritation

**Precautionary statement(s):**

- P262: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
- P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
- P303+P361+P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
- P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

**2.3) Other hazards**

Not applicable

**3) Composition/Information on ingredients****3.1) Substances**

<b>Ingredients</b>	<b>%W W</b>	<b>EC-nr</b>	<b>REACH registration nr.</b>	<b>GHS-classification according to EC 1272/2008</b>
Sodium silicate (molar ratio > 2,6; ≤ 3,2)	20-60	215-687-4	01-2119448725-31-0012	Skin Irrit. 2 – H315 Eye Irrit. 2 – H319
Water	40-80	231-791-2		Not classified

**4) First Aid Measures****4.1) Description of first aid measures**

- **After eye contact:** Immediately flush eyes with eyewash solution or water (for 10 minutes). Seek an oculist.
- **After skin contact:** Rinse with running water and soap. Apply replenishing cream. Change all contaminated clothing.

- **After inhalation:** After inhalation of spray mist: bring to fresh air, seek medical advice if necessary.
- **After ingestion:** Rinse mouth and throat. Drink 1-2 glasses of water. Seek medical advice.

#### **4.2) Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

- Causes skin irritation
- Causes serious eye damage

#### **4.3) Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

- Speed in removal of material is of prime importance
- Remove soiled clothing immediately

### **5) Firefighting Measures**

#### **5.1) Extinguishing media**

**Suitable extinguishing media:** Not applicable. Inorganic material. Non-combustible, therefore define extinguishing measures according to neighbouring conditions.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:** Not applicable.

#### **5.2) Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

Not applicable. Inorganic material. Non-combustible.

#### **5.3) Advice for firefighters**

No particular measures required.

### **6) Accidental Release Measures**

#### **6.1) Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

- Avoid contact with skin and eyes
- Danger of slipping on spilled product

#### **6.2) Environmental precautions**

- Do not allow to enter drains / surface water / ground water. Prevent the spreading of the product into the environment by diking with sand or other absorbent material.
- Contact the authorities in the event of large product spillage to water courses or sewage systems or if spillage has contaminated soil

#### **6.3) Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

- Remove with liquid-absorbing material for example sand.
- Remove last traces by diluting with plenty of (warm) water.

#### **6.4) Reference to other sections**

See also section 8

### **7) Handling and Storage**

**7.1) Precautions for safe handling**

- Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.
- Wear protective equipment, see also section 8.
- Eye wash facilities should be readily available.

**7.2) Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

- Keep packaging / storage vessel closed.
- Protect from freezing
- Keep away from acids.
- Compatible materials: (Stainless) steel.
- Incompatible materials: Zinc, Tin, Aluminium, Copper and their alloys.
- Storage class regarding TGRS 510 (VCI, Germany): 12 (non-combustible liquid)
- See also title 10

**7.3) Specific end use(s)**

None known

**8) Exposure Controls/Personal Protection****8.1) Control Parameters**

No particular measures required.

**Derived No Effect Level for workers:**

<b>Exposure Pattern</b>	<b>Route</b>	<b>Descriptor</b>	<b>DNEL</b>	<b>Most sensitive endpoint</b>
Long-term - systemic effects	Dermal (mg/kg bw /day)	DNEL	1,59	repeated dose toxicity
Long-term - systemic effects	Inhalation (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	DNEL	5,61	repeated dose toxicity

**Derived No Effect Level for consumers:**

<b>Exposure Pattern</b>	<b>Route</b>	<b>Descriptor</b>	<b>DNEL</b>	<b>Most sensitive endpoint</b>
Long-term - systemic effects	Dermal (mg/kg bw /day)	DNEL	0,8	repeated dose toxicity
Long-term - systemic effects	Inhalation (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	DNEL	1,38	repeated dose toxicity

Long-term - systemic effects	Oral (mg/kg bw /day)	DNEL	0,8	repeated dose toxicity
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<b>Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)</b>	<b>mg/L</b>
Freshwater	7,5
Marine water	1
Intermittent releases	7,5
Sewage treatment plant	348

## 8.2) Exposure controls

### 8.2.1) Engineering controls

Engineering methods to prevent or control exposure are preferred. Methods include process or personal enclosure and control of process conditions. For example: ventilation if due to the application a product mist can be formed.

### 8.2.2) Personal protection

- Respiratory protection: In the eventual risk of spray, avoid inhalation of spray.
- Eye/face protection: Wear suitable tightly fitting goggles.
- Skin protection: Wear suitable protective clothing and alkaline resistant gloves (PVC, rubber or natural latex) tested according to EN 374.

## 9) Physical/Chemical Properties

### 9.1) Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	viscous liquid, colourless to translucent
Odour	odourless
Odour threshold (ppm)	not applicable
pH (value)	1% solutions ranges from 11 to 13
Melting/freezing point (°C)	ranges from 0 to -12°C
Boiling point/ range (°C)	± 100 °C
Flash point (°C)	not applicable
Evaporation rate	no data
Flammability (solid, gas)	not applicable
Explosive limit ranges	not applicable
Vapor pressure (mm Hg)	similar to H <sub>2</sub> O
Vapor density (air=1)	no data
Density (kg/l)	1,30 – 1,60 kg/
Solubility (water)	Soluble
Solubility (other)	no data
Partition coefficient	not applicable
Auto ignition temperature (°C)	not applicable
Decomposition temperature (°C)	not applicable
Viscosity (mPa.s)	ranges from 10 to 10.000 mPas

Explosive properties	not applicable
Oxidising properties	not applicable

## 9.2) Other Information

No data

## 10) Stability/Reactivity

### 10.1) Reactivity

See section 10.3

### 10.2) Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions.

### 10.3) Possibility of hazardous reactions

- Aqueous solutions will react with aluminium, zinc, tin, copper and their alloys evolving hydrogen gas which can form an explosive mixture with air.
- Exothermic reaction if in contact with acids

### 10.4) Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact in concentrated form with acids.

### 10.5) Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with aluminium, zinc, tin, copper and their alloys

### 10.6) Hazardous decomposition products

None known.

## 11) Toxicological Information

### 11.1) Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

The hazard of sodium silicates, by all routes, comes from its alkalinity.

- **Ingestion:** Oral LD50 (rat): 3.400 mg/kg bw
- **Inhalation:** In case of inhalation, irritation of the respiratory system can be expected. Inhalation LC50 (rat) > 2,06 g/m<sup>3</sup>
- **Skin contact:** Irritation. Dermal LD50 (rat) > 5000 mg/kg bw
- **Eye contact:** Causes serious eye irritation

**Skin corrosion/irritation:** Causes skin irritation.

**Serious eye damage/irritation:** Causes serious eye damage.

**Sensitisation:** Not sensitising (LLNA).

**Mutagenicity:** No evidence of genotoxicity. In vitro/in vivo negative

**Carcinogenicity:** No structural alerts.

**Reproductive toxicity:** Effects on fertility: NOAEL (rat) > 159 mg/kg bw/d. Developmental toxicity: NOAEL (mouse) > 200 mg/kg bw/d.

**STOT-single exposure:** no data  
**STOT-repeated exposure:** no data  
**Aspiration hazard:** Not classified.

## 12) Ecological Information

### 12.1) Toxicity

- Acute fish toxicity (Brachydanio rerio): LC50 (96 hour): 1108 mg/l
- Acute invertebrates toxicity (Daphnia magna): EC50 (48 hour): 1700 mg/l
- Algae / cyanobacteria (Scenedesmus subspicatus): EC50 (72 h, biomass): 207 mg/L, EC50 (72 h, growth rate): > 345.4 mg/L

### 12.2) Persistence and degradability

Inorganic. Soluble silicates, upon dilution, rapidly depolymerise into molecular species indistinguishable from natural dissolved silica. They combine with ions like Ca, Mg, Fe, Al and others to end up as insoluble compounds similar to constituents of natural soils.

### 12.3) Bioaccumulative potential

Inorganic. The substance has no potential for bioaccumulation.

### 12.4) Mobility in soil

Not applicable.

### 12.5) Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Not classified as PBT or vPvB.

### 12.6) Other adverse effects

The alkalinity of this material will have a local effect on ecosystems sensitive to changes in pH.

## 13) Disposal Consideration

### 13.1) Waste treatment methods

- Waste disposal according national or regional regulations, neutralisation prior to disposal is advisory.
- Dispose contaminated packaging according national or regional regulations, preliminary cleaning with water is advisory.
- EWC (European Waste Catalog) -number : 06 02 99.

## 14) Transport Information

### 14.1) UN number

Not applicable

**14.2) UN proper shipping name**

Not applicable

**14.3) Transport hazard class(es)**

Not applicable

**14.4) Packing group**

Not applicable

**14.5) Environmental hazards**

Not classified as a marine pollutant

**14.6) Special precautions for user**

See title 7.2. for incompatible materials

**14.7) Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code**

Not applicable.

**15) Regulatory Information**

**15.1) Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

- **TSCA inventory status:** reported/included
- **AICS inventory status:** reported/included
- **DSL/NDSL inventory status:** reported/included

**15.2) Chemical safety assessment**

A chemical safety assessment has been conducted. The results are summarized in annex. The annex covers workplace and consumer exposure scenarios.

**16) Other information**

The following sections contain revisions or new statements:

- Section 2.1.: removed DSD-Classification
- Section 7.2.: storage class TRGS 510
- Section 8.1.: addition of DNEL and PNEC values
- Annex: update of the exposure scenarios

Sources of key data: IUCLID and CSR Sodium Silicate

*This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.*

*DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY The information in this SDS was obtained from sources which we believe are reliable. However, the information is provided without any warranty, express or implied, regarding its correctness. The conditions or methods of handling, storage, use or disposal of the product are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. For this and other reasons, we do not assume responsibility and expressly disclaim liability for loss,*



*damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of the product. This SDS was prepared and is to be used only for this product. If the product is used as a component in another product, this SDS information may not be applicable.*

<b>Section 1</b>	<b>Exposure Scenario Title</b>
Title	Workplace exposure to silicic acid, sodium salt (EC 215-687-4) solutions
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use (SU) 3 and 22 (including the supplementary SU's 2a, 2b, 4, 5, 6b, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20)  Process Categories (PROC): 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8a, 8b, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 19, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26  Environmental Release Categories (ERC): 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6a, 6b, 6d, 7, 8a, 8b, 8c, 8d, 8e, 8f, 9a, 9b
Processes, tasks, activities covered	Manufacture and formulation of the substance as well as industrial and professional uses
<b>Section 2</b>	<b>Operational conditions and risk management measures</b>
	If possible, local exhaust ventilation should be used. In addition, whenever silicic acid, sodium salt as a substance on its own or in a preparation is handled outside closed systems, suitable personal protective equipment (gloves, goggles, dust masks or respirators) is the preferred and only measure of control.
<b>Section 2.1</b>	<b>Control of worker exposure</b>
Product characteristics	
Physical form of product	liquid, solution, vapour pressure 0.31 Pa (1165 °C)
Concentration of substance in product	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %, unless otherwise stated.
Amounts used	No limit
Frequency and duration of use	Covers frequency up to: daily use, weekly, monthly, yearly
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Not applicable
Other Operational Conditions affecting worker exposure	Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented. The work occurs inside as well outside.
<b>Contributing Scenarios</b>	<b>Risk Management Measures.</b>
PROC 1, 2, 3	Handle substance within a closed system. No

	other specific measures identified.
PROC 4, 5, 6, 8a, 8b, 9, 10, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 19, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26	Wear suitable gloves (tested to EN374) and eye protection.
PROC 7, 11	Provide enhanced general ventilation by mechanical means. Wear suitable gloves (tested to EN374) and eye protection. or Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A/P2 filter or better. Wear suitable gloves (tested to EN374) and eye protection.
<b>Section 2.2</b>	<b>Control of environmental exposure</b>
	Not required, as soluble silicates including silicic acid, sodium salt do not meet the criteria for classification as dangerous to the environment according to 67/548/EEC (See Article 14.4 of REACH Regulation). Furthermore, as high production volume substances, soluble silicates have been reviewed to a great extent for their exposure potential to the environment and the possible risks arising from their release (Van Dokkum et al. 2002, OECD SIDS 2004, HERA 2005, and CEES 2008). It was concluded that soluble silicates are currently of low priority for further work because of their low hazard profile.
<b>Section 3</b>	<b>Exposure Estimation</b>
<b>3.1.</b>	<b>Health</b>
	When the recommended risk management measures (RMM) and operational conditions (OC) including personal protective equipment (PPE) are used, the exposure to aqueous solutions of silicic acid, sodium salt will be negligible. RMMs are based on a qualitative risk characterization.
<b>Section 4</b>	<b>Guidance to check compliance with the Exposure Scenario</b>
<b>4.1</b>	<b>Health</b>
	The implemented RMMs and OCs including PPE will ensure that workers' exposure is reduced in a way that health hazard effects are avoided and that the risk is considered to be adequately controlled.

<b>Section 1 Exposure Scenario Title</b>	
<b>Title</b>	
Use in Consumer products	
<b>Use Descriptor</b>	
Sector(s) of Use (SU)	21 (including the supplementary SU's 2a, 6b, 10, 13, 18, 19)
Product Categories (PC)	1, 3, 8, 9a, 9b, 14, 15, 26, 31, 35, 37, 39
Environmental Release Categories (ERC)	8a, 8b, 8c, 8d, 8e, 8f, 9a, 9b
<b>Processes, tasks, activities covered</b>	
Covers general exposures to consumers arising from the use of household products sold	

<b>Assessment Method</b>	
See Section 3.	
<b>Section 2 Operational conditions and risk management measures</b>	
<b>Section 2.1 Control of consumer exposure</b>	
<b>Product characteristics</b>	
Physical form of product	Powder or liquid
Vapour pressure	0.31 Pa (1165 °C)
Concentration of substance in product	Unless otherwise stated, cover concentrations up to 100%
Amounts used	No limit
Frequency and duration of use/exposure	Covers frequency up to: daily use, weekly, monthly, yearly
Other Operational Conditions affecting exposure	Unless otherwise stated assumes use at ambient temperatures; assumes use in a 20 m <sup>3</sup> room (ECHA guidance R.15, 2008) assumes use with typical ventilation.
<b>Product Category</b>	<b>Specific Risk Management Measures (RMM) and Operational Conditions (OC) (only required controls to demonstrate safe use listed)</b>
PCs - general case	OC In consumer products the irritation hazard of soluble silicates is addressed, if necessary, by appropriate labelling and the advice to use (household) gloves on the consumer product. In general, dermal, inhalation and oral consumer exposure to commercially available products is minimised due to formulation (limited concentration of soluble silicates, particle size distribution, agglomeration and dust potential, tablets and gels), packaging and bad taste of commercially available products.
	RMM No specific RMMs identified beyond those OCs stated.
1, 3, 8, 9a, 9b, 14, 15, 26, 31, 35, 37, 39	OC Covers use up to 365 days/year; covers use under typical household ventilation
	RMM No specific RMMs identified beyond those OCs stated
<b>Section 3 Exposure Estimation</b>	
<b>3.1. Health</b>	
Some product uses could result in local irritation (skin and eyes) if highly concentrated products, which is usually not the case, are used. This hazard is addressed, if necessary, by appropriate labelling and the advice to use household gloves on the consumer product. In general, dermal, inhalation and oral consumer exposure to commercially available products is minimised by formulation measures (use of limited concentrations, reduction of dust	

potential by agglomeration or use of tablets and gels), bad taste of the products, packaging devices (sealing of tablets, child-resistant fastenings) or denaturing.

#### **Section 4 Guidance to check compliance with the Exposure Scenario**

##### **4.1. Health**

Besides the product integrated RMMs, consumer instructions and the communication on the safe use should be implemented, including technical use instructions, instructions on use of protective clothing and behaviour, storage and disposal instructions. The implemented risk mitigation measures will ensure that consumer' exposure is reduced in a way that health hazard effects are avoided and that the risk is considered to be adequately controlled.